## Wolfspeed.

## CAS350M12BM3

## 1200 V, 350 A, Silicon Carbide, Half-Bridge Module

| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}$ | 1200 V |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{DS}}$ | 350 A |

## Technical Features

- Industry Standard 62 mm Footprint
- Ultra Low Loss, High-Frequency Operation
- Zero Reverse Recovery from Diodes
- Zero Turn-off Tail Current from MOSFET
- Normally-off, Fail-safe Device Operation
- Copper Baseplate and Aluminum Nitride Insulator



## Applications

- Induction Heating
- Motor Drives
- Renewables
- Railway Auxiliary \& Traction
- EV Fast Charging
- UPS and SMPS


## System Benefits

- 62 mm Form Factor Enables System Retrofit
- Increased System Efficiency, due to Low Switching \& Conduction Losses of SiC


## Key Parameters

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Conditions | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Drain-Source Voltage | $V_{\text {DS }}$ |  |  | 1200 | V | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Gate-Source Voltage, Maximum Value | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {GS(max) }}$ | -8 |  | +19 |  | Transient | Note 1 <br> Fig. 33 |
| Gate-Source Voltage, Recommended | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {GS(op) }}$ |  | -4/+15 |  |  | Static |  |
| DC Continuous Drain Current | ID |  | 417 |  | A | $V_{G S}=15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{VJ}} \leq 175^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Notes 2, 3 <br> Fig. 21 |
|  |  |  | 318 |  |  | $V_{\text {GS }}=15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{C}}=90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{VJ}} \leq 175^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| DC Source-Drain Current (Schottky Diode) | $\mathrm{ISD}_{\text {D }}$ (S) |  | 440 |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {GS }}=-4 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{VJ}} \leq 175^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Pulsed Drain-Source Current | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{DM}}$ |  | 700 |  |  | $\mathrm{t}_{\text {pmax }}$ limited by $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{V} \text { max }}$ $V_{G S}=15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Power Dissipation | PD |  | 1293 |  | W | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{c}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{v}} \leq 175^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Note 4 Fig. 21 |
| Virtual Junction Temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{VJ}(\text { (op) }}$ | -40 |  | 150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Operation |  |
|  |  |  |  | 175 |  | Intermittent with Reduced Life |  |

Note (1): Recommended turn-on gate voltage is 15 V with $\pm 5 \%$ regulation tolerance
Note (2): Current limit at $T_{C}=90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ calculated by $I_{D(\text { max })}=\sqrt{ }\left(P_{D} / R_{D S(t y p)}\left(T_{V J(\text { max })}, I_{D(\text { max })}\right)\right)$
Note (3): Verified by design
Note (4): $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}=\left(\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{vJ}}-\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}\right) / \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{TH}(\mathrm{Jc}, \mathrm{typ})}$

MOSFET Characteristics (Per Position) ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{vj}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Unless Otherwise Specified)

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Conditions | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {(BR) }}$ SSS | 1200 |  |  | V | $\mathrm{V}_{G S}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{VJ}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Gate Threshold Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {GS(th) }}$ | 1.8 | 2.5 | 3.6 |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {DS }}=\mathrm{V}_{G S}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=85 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |
|  |  |  | 2.0 |  |  | $V_{D S}=V_{G S}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=85 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~T}_{V J}=175^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current | loss |  | 8.2 | 1128 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{G S}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {DS }}=1200 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |
| Gate-Source Leakage Current | $I_{\text {GSS }}$ |  | 40 | 400 | nA | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |
| Drain-Source On-State Resistance (Devices Only) | $\mathrm{R}_{\text {DS(on) }}$ |  | 4.0 | 5.2 | $\mathrm{m} \Omega$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=350 \mathrm{~A}$ | Fig. 2 Fig. 3 |
|  |  |  | 6.5 |  |  | $V_{G S}=15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=350 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{VJ}}=150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Transconductance | gis |  | 306 |  | S | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=20 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=350 \mathrm{~A}$ | Fig. 4 |
|  |  |  | 292 |  |  | $V_{\text {DS }}=20 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=350 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~T}_{V J}=150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Turn-On Switching Energy, } \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{vJ}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{vJ}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{VJ}}=150^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{E}_{\text {on }}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 5.0 \\ & 4.5 \\ & 4.4 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | mJ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=600 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=350 \mathrm{~A}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{G S}=-4 \mathrm{~V} / 15 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{G}(\mathrm{OFF})}=0.5 \Omega, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{GON})}=0.5 \Omega, \\ & \mathrm{~L}=25 \mu \mathrm{H} \end{aligned}$ | Fig. 11 Fig. 13 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Turn-Off Switching Energy, } \mathrm{T}_{v J}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{vj}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{v} J}=150^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{E}_{\text {OFF }}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 4.8 \\ & 4.8 \\ & 4.9 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Internal Gate Resistance | $\mathrm{R}_{6 \text { (int) }}$ |  | 2.53 |  | $\Omega$ | $\mathrm{f}=100 \mathrm{kHz}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{AC}}=25 \mathrm{mV}$ |  |
| Input Capacitance | $\mathrm{C}_{\text {iss }}$ |  | 25.7 |  | nF | $\begin{aligned} & V_{G S}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=800 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{AC}}=25 \mathrm{mV}, \mathrm{f}=100 \mathrm{kHz} \end{aligned}$ | Fig. 9 |
| Output Capacitance | Coss |  | 1.8 |  |  |  |  |
| Reverse Transfer Capacitance | $\mathrm{C}_{\text {rss }}$ |  | 44.5 |  | pF |  |  |
| Gate to Source Charge | Q ${ }_{\text {gs }}$ |  | 268 |  | nC | $\begin{aligned} & V_{\text {DS }}=800 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=-4 \mathrm{~V} / 15 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=350 \mathrm{~A}, \\ & \text { Per IEC60747-8-4 pg } 21 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Gate to Drain Charge | $\mathrm{Q}_{\text {GD }}$ |  | 244 |  |  |  |  |
| Total Gate Charge | QG |  | 844 |  |  |  |  |
| FET Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case | $\mathrm{R}_{\text {th Jc }}$ |  | 0.116 |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |  | Fig. 17 |

Diode Characteristics (Per Position) ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{vJ}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Unless Otherwise Specified)

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Conditions | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Diode Forward Voltage | $V_{\text {F }}$ |  | 2.0 |  | V | $\mathrm{V}_{G S}=-4 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=350 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{VJ}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Fig. 7 |
|  |  |  | 2.5 |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{G S}=-4 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=350 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~T}_{V J}=150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Reverse Recovery Time | $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{RR}}$ |  | 24.5 |  | ns | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=-4 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{SD}}=350 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{R}}=800 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{di} / \mathrm{dt}=13.0 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{ns}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{VJ}}=150^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | Fig. 32 |
| Reverse Recovery Charge | $\mathrm{Q}_{\text {RR }}$ |  | 5.0 |  | $\mu \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |
| Peak Reverse Recovery Current | $I_{\text {RRM }}$ |  | 341 |  | A |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Reverse Recovery Energy, } \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{V},}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{v},}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{v},}=150^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | $E_{\text {RR }}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1.7 \\ & 2.0 \\ & 2.0 \end{aligned}$ |  | mJ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=600 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=350 \mathrm{~A}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=-4 \mathrm{~V} / 15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}_{G(\text { ext })}=0.5 \Omega, \\ & \mathrm{~L}=25 \mu \mathrm{H} \end{aligned}$ | Fig. 14 Note 5 |
| Diode Thermal Resistance, JCT. to Case | $\mathrm{R}_{\text {th Jc }}$ |  | 0.112 |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |  | Fig. 18 |

Note (5): SiC Schottky diodes do not have reverse recovery energy but still contribute capacitive energy.

Module Physical Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Conditions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Package Resistance, M1 (High-Side) | $\mathrm{R}_{3-1}$ |  | 1.31 |  | $\mathrm{m} \Omega$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{I}_{\text {SD }}=350 \mathrm{~A}$, Note 6 |
|  |  |  | 1.84 |  |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{I}_{\text {SD }}=350 \mathrm{~A}$, Note 6 |
| Package Resistance, M2 (Low-Side) | $\mathrm{R}_{1-2}$ |  | 1.26 |  |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{I}_{\text {SD }}=350 \mathrm{~A}$, Note 6 |
|  |  |  | 1.77 |  |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{I}_{\text {SD }}=350 \mathrm{~A}$, Note 6 |
| Stray Inductance | $\mathrm{L}_{\text {stray }}$ |  | 11.1 |  | nH | Between DC- and DC+, f $=10 \mathrm{MHz}$ |
| Case Temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{c}}$ | -40 |  | 125 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Mounting Torque | Ms | 4 | 5 | 5.5 | N-m | Baseplate, M6-1.0 Bolts |
|  |  | 4 | 5 | 5.5 |  | Power Terminals, M6-1.0 Bolts |
| Weight | W |  | 300 |  | g |  |
| Case Isolation Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {isol }}$ | 5 |  |  | kV | AC, $50 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1$ minute |
| Clearance Distance |  | 9 |  |  | mm | Terminal to Terminal |
|  |  | 30 |  |  |  | Terminal to Baseplate |
| Creepage Distance |  | 30 |  |  |  | Terminal to Terminal |
|  |  | 40 |  |  |  | Terminal to Baseplate |

Note (6):Total Effective Resistance (Per Switch Position) = MOSFET R RS(on) + Switch Position Package Resistance

## Typical Performance



Figure 1. Output Characteristics for Various Junction Temperatures


Figure 3. Normalized On-State Resistance vs. Junction Temperature


Figure 5. $3^{\text {rd }}$ Quadrant Characteristic vs. Junction Temperatures at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=15 \mathrm{~V}$


Figure 2. Normalized On-State Resistance vs. Drain Current for Various Junction Temperatures


Figure 4. Transfer Characteristic for Various Junction Temperatures


Figure 6. $3^{\text {rd }}$ Quadrant Characteristic vs. Junction Temperatures at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ (Diode)

## Typical Performance



Figure 7. $3^{\text {rd }}$ Quadrant Characteristic vs. Junction Temperatures at $\mathrm{V}=-4 \mathrm{~V}$ (Diode)


Figure 9. Typical Capacitances vs. Drain to Source Voltage (0-1200 V)


Figure 11. Switching Energy vs. Drain Current ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=600 \mathrm{~V}$ )


Figure 8. Typical Capacitances vs. Drain to Source Voltage (0-200 V)


Figure 10. Threshold Voltage vs. Junction Temperature


Figure 12. Switching Energy vs. Drain Current ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=800 \mathrm{~V}$ )

## Typical Performance



Figure 13. MOSFET Switching Energy vs. Junction Temperature


Figure 15. MOSFET Switching Energy vs. External Gate Resistance


Figure 17. MOSFET Junction to Case Transient Thermal Impedance, $\mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{th}, \mathrm{jc}}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}\right)$


Figure 14. Reverse Recovery Energy vs. Junction Temperature


Figure 16. Reverse Recovery Energy vs. External Gate Resistance


Figure 18. Diode Junction to Case Transient Thermal Impedance, $\mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{th}, \mathrm{jc}}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}\right)$

## Typical Performance



Figure 19. Switching Safe Operating Area


Figure 21. Continuous Drain Current Derating vs. Case Temperature


Figure 23. Typical Output Current Capability vs. Switching Frequency (Inverter Application)


Figure 20. Forward Bias Safe Operating Area (FBSOA)


Figure 22. Maximum Power Dissipation Derating vs. Case Temperature

## Timing Characteristics



Figure 24. Timing vs. Source Current


Figure 26. Timing vs. Junction Temperature


Figure 28. Timing vs. External Gate Resistance


Figure 25. dv/dt and di/dt vs. Source Current


Figure 27. dv/dt and di/dt vs. Junction Temperature


Figure 29. dv/dt and di/dt vs. External Gate Resistance

## Definitions



Figure 30. Turn-Off Transient Definitions


Figure 32. Reverse Recovery Definitions


Figure 31. Turn-On Transient Definitions


Figure 33. $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GS}}$ Transient Definitions

## Schematic and Pin Out



## Package Dimension (mm)



| DIMENSION TABLE |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SYMBOL | DIMENSION | TOLERANCE |
| A1 | 103.5 | $\pm 0.30$ |
| A2 | 60.44 | $\pm 0.30$ |
| A3 | 98.25 | $\pm 0.30$ |
| A4 | 54.22 | $\pm 0.30$ |
| A5 | 5.25 | $\pm 0.30$ |
| A6 | 6.22 | $\pm 0.30$ |
| A7 | 3 | $\pm 0.30$ |
| B1 | 23.75 | $\pm 0.40$ |
| B2 | 51.75 | $\pm 0.40$ |
| B3 | 79.75 | $\pm 0.40$ |
| B4 | $(28)$ | $R E F$. |
| B5 | $(17.43)$ | $R E F$. |
| B6 | 30.23 | $\pm 0.40$ |
| B7 | $144)$ | REF. |
| B8 | 30.03 | $\pm 0.40$ |
| C1 | 16.73 | $\pm 0.40$ |
| C2 | 22.73 | $\pm 0.40$ |
| C3 | 37.73 | $\pm 0.40$ |
| C4 | 43.73 | $\pm 0.40$ |
| C5 | 2.8 | $\pm 0.40$ |
| C6 | 30.8 | $\pm 0.50$ |
| C7 | 99.75 | $\pm 0.40$ |
| C8 | $(6)$ | $R E F$. |
| C9 | $(15)$ | $R E F$. |
| D1 | 22.3 | $\pm 0.30$ |
| D2 | 26.3 | $\pm 0.30$ |
| D3 | 104.95 | $\pm 0.30$ |
| D4 | 1.45 | $\pm 0.40$ |
| D5 | $(24)$ | $R E F$. |
| D6 | $(22)$ | $R E F$. |



## Supporting Links \& Tools

## Evaluation Tools \& Support

- PLECS Models
- LTSpice Models
- KIT-CRD-CIL12N-BM: Dynamic Performance Evaluation Board for the BM2 and BM3 Module
- SpeedFit 2.0 Design Simulator ${ }^{\text {TM }}$
- Technical Support Forum


## Dual-Channel Gate Driver Board

- CGD1200HB2P-BM3: Dual Channel Differential Isolated Half Bridge Gate Driver Board
- CGD12HB00D: Differential Transceiver Daughter Board Companion Tool for Differential Gate Drivers


## Application Notes

- CPWR-AN35: 62 mm Module Thermal Interface Material Application Note


## Notes \& Disclaimer

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